

TESTING DATA REPORT



TEST REPORT



REPORT NO. : K287-20-00934

SAMPLE RECEIVED DATE : 2020-04-07
TEST STARTED DATE : 2020-04-07
REPORT ISSUED DATE : 2020-04-27

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DESCRIPTION: ONE(1) PIECE OF SUBMITTED CUTTING SAID TO BE FILM.

PAGE

ITEM : ANTIMICROBIAL COPPER FILM

TEST CONDUCTED: AS REQUESTED BY THE APPLICANT, FOR DETAILS PLEASE SEE ATTACHED PAGES.

PREPARED AND CHECKED BY FOR FITI

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AUTHORIZED BY FOR FITI

Jun Je 400



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01. ANTIMICROBIAL ACTIVITY AND EFFICACY (JIS Z 2801 : 2010, FILM-CONTACT METHOD) : CFU/cm², ANTIBACTERIAL ACTIVITY : log

		BLANK	#1
BACTERIA-1	THE NUMBER OF BACTERIA AFTER INOCULATION	1.4 x 10 ⁴	1.4 x 10 ⁴
	THE NUMBER OF BACTERIA AFTER 24 h	2.4 x 10 ⁴	< 0.63
	ANTIBACTERIAL ACTIVITY(log)	=	4.5
	CONVERSION TO %	-	99.9
BACTERIA-2	THE NUMBER OF BACTERIA AFTER INOCULATION	1.4 x 10 ⁴	1.4 x 10 ⁴
	THE NUMBER OF BACTERIA AFTER 24 h	1.1 x 10 ⁶	< 0.63
	ANTIBACTERIAL ACTIVITY(log)	_	6.2
	CONVERSION TO %	=	99.9

NOTE) STANDARD FILM: STOMACHER® 400 POLY-BAG

TEST CONDITION: THE SOLUTION ARE FIXED AT (35 ± 1) °C, 90 % R.H. FOR 24 h,

AND DETERMINE BACTERIA CELL GROWTH INHIBITION RATE BY

POUR AGAR PLATE METHOD.

ANTIMICROBIAL EFFICACY: ANTIBACTERIAL ACTIVITY SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 2.0

TEST BACTERIA : BACTERIA-1 - Staphylococcus aureus ATCC 6538P

BACTERIA-2 - Escherichia coli ATCC 8739

CONVERSION TO % = $(1 - 10^{-(\log 10 \text{ reduction})}) \times 100$

AT THE REQUEST OF THE CLIENT, ANTIBACTERIAL ACTIVITY IS CONVERTED TO % REDUCTION.

SEE ATTACHED PHOTOS.

** End of The Report **





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- ANTIMICROBIAL ACTIVITY AND EFFICACY PHOTO: BACTERIA 1: #1-

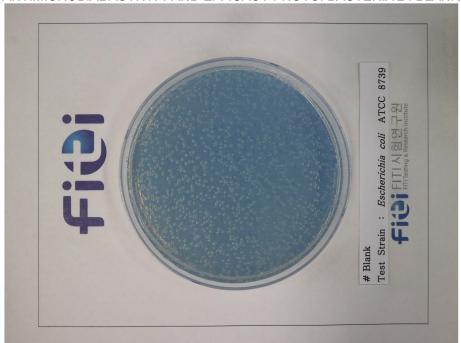




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- ANTIMICROBIAL ACTIVITY AND EFFICACY PHOTO: BACTERIA 2: BLANK -



- ANTIMICROBIAL ACTIVITY AND EFFICACY PHOTO: BACTERIA 2: #1-



Study of SARS-CoV-2 on various surfaces including Plastic, Stainless Steel and Copper

Summary

Copper is a natural antimicrobial that has been used for hundreds of years and is an effective preventative measure to stop the spread of microbes.

This study from the New England Journal of Medicine concluded that a copper surface reduced the number of microbes present faster than all other surfaces tested in the study including plastic and stainless steel. No SARS-CoV-2 was found on copper after just a few hours yet on stainless steel and plastic it was detected days later.

To understand more about how copper reduces the microbe bioburden on surfaces please click on the study link below:

https://www.nejm.org/doi/pdf/10.1056/NEJMc2004973?articleTools=true